

Yoti Founding Guardians Council Meeting 17 January 2017

Attendance: See T	able at end Location: Yoti Office & VC Date: 17 January	ary 2017, 1700-1930 GMT Recorder: Eric	Levine					
Agenda 1. Update	es from last meeting	Implications for Yoti of the IP Bill						
2. Yoti pro	oduct/business update							
3. Topics	for discussion with Guardians	4. Expanding the Guardian Council						
Carry Over Actions from	Past Meetings:		Status Update					
 Signing up to UN Guidel to engage with the UN to UN Guidelines in public 	TBD after public launch							
	ansparently communicate the rationale for using third party analy stand the choices we are making (Paco and Chris).	tics so that any user or journalist interested	15 Feb 2017					
 Digital ID for Developme the global effort to delive 	20 on how Yoti could potentially contribute to	31 March 2017						
 Criminal Use of Yoti: Juli responds to criminal use 	30 April 2017							
o User Analytics: Yoti to de	30 June 2017							
Actions from this Meeting	g:		Status Update					
 IP Bill: Yoti will consult w Council with further insig 	vith experts in UK cyberlaw to gather information on the implication ghts (Julie).	ons for Yoti, and revert to the Guardian	30 June 2017					
 IP Bill: Julie will draft a c to, the implementation o 	31 July 2017							
o IP Bill: Chris will communicate a blog post on the rationale behind our business model, user promises and system design in relation to the IP Bill.								
o IP Bill: Renata to connect	ct Julie with civil society organisations who are orienting compan	ies on how to comply with the IP Bill.	15 March 2017					
 Expanding Guardian Co Guardian Council meetir (and used to inform the l 	4 April 2017							
 Expanding Guardian Co outline of the proposed p 	10 Feb 2017							
Next Council Meeting	Next Council meeting:	4 April 2017, 1700-1930 UK time						



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Summary notes from the meeting are provided on the following pages, with points of agreement and actions clearly noted.

Meeting began at 1700.											
Draft Individual Terms & Conditions: Incorporating the input from Guardians received, we now have Actions from past meetings that are still in motion – updates to be given at this meeting:											
• Privacy Policy – Guardians reviewed and fed back on the draft Privacy Policy following our October meeting. This feedback was incorporated into the text of the Privacy Policy that has gone live with the Yoti app in the App Stores. We will be revisiting our Terms & Conditions and Privacy Policy going forward as we continue to make them more user friendly, and will continue to welcome recommendations of good practice in this area that Guardians come across (including recently shared work to simplify the Instagram Terms & Conditions which was forwarded by Renata).											
• Criminal Use of Yoti: We are continuing to gather input and advice on these issues, and will bring the input from these steps back to the Guardian Council along with our draft policy in this area at the April Guardian Council meeting.											
• Social Partnerships Agenda: Following our session with Ken, we have continued to make progress with the social partnerships agenda, while remaining mostly focussed on the current commercial and technological priorities of the business. Our first social partner signed up to deliver a pilot is Teach First. More broadly, as the basis of our long-term social partnerships agenda we have identified six broad areas in which we think Yoti has the potential of making a transformative contribution on a global scale (in addition to Yoti's ability to help any social purpose organisation with internal use cases similar to our commercial use case offerings):											
 a) international aid direct payments/asset distribution b) refugee services in Europe c) humanitarian emergency response d) labour migration across borders e) social development programme monitoring f) IDs for stateless persons 											
 To ensure that we are making steady progress based on sound assumptions, we are pursuing the following process in relation to thee six areas: o Drafting short narratives outlining our current understanding of the problem statements and possible Yoti use cases in each area (from the point of view of the person that we are seeking to benefit, not from the technologist's perspective) to use as an engagement tool with potential partners. o Using these draft narrative stories, we will then engage in learning conversations with experts and potential partners working in each area, where possible involved people who would benefit from any proposed Yoti solution, to make sure that we are focussing on developing potential partnerships and solutions that contribute to real problems, and are designed in partnership with the organisations and people who will use them. 											
 From this process we hope to be able to bring back more detail and recommendations on priorities and potential partnerships as we move forward in 2017. As trial balloons in this approach, we have: a) spoken at a House of Lords event with 25+ organisations serving refugees across Europe, resulting in a handful of organisations expressing interest in working with Yoti to develop solutions together; b) organising a <u>Hack day</u> on 7th February with <u>Founders and Coders</u> to explore non-profit uses of the platform with interested charities. 											

Update	an email for sharing; logos in mobile connect; and embedding QR codes in 3rd party web pages. We are
Opuale	planning for small, organic growth through friends and family in Q1, with our push for user acquisition starting in Q2.
3. Discussion Topics	The following points were tabled for input and advice from Guardians.
3a. Implications of IP Bill	 Issue: We have discussed the Investigatory Powers Bill in previous Guardian Council meetings. The IP Bill received Royal Assent on 29th November 2016. Summary implications of the UK IP Bill are available online. Basic headlines are that the Bill when brought fully into force will: Reform the regime under which UK law enforcement and intelligence agencies can be authorised by warrant to conduct interception, equipment interference and/or bulk communications data acquisition. Broadens definitions of 'communications providers' to include any data storage provider, and broadens the definition of 'communications' to include any person-to-person, person-to-machine, machine-to-person, machine-to-machine communications operators to generate, obtain and retain data about users, and to require maintenance of permanent capabilities (including removal of encryption applied by a service provider). Prohibit communications operators and others from disclosing the existence of a warrant or notice. Discussion: In discussing how we are approaching the new regulatory regime, the Guardian Council encouraged Yoti to undertake the following: The processes and structures that will define in detail the implementation of the IP bill are still very much in draft form. Therefore' Yot ishould stay abreast of developments as these draft policies and structures are finalised to be able to accurately communications to its users). Yoti should continue to be engaged with Tech UK and other industry associations and bodies that provide a platform for collective action to push for clarity on the processes and structures that will implement the IP Bill, and articulate a collective voice regarding how the UK Government can avoid doing damage to technology companies such as Yoti. Yoti should continue to afficuate the rationale for its business model, user pro
	 Agreed actions include: Action: Yoti will consult with experts in UK cyberlaw to gather information on the implications for Yoti, and revert to the Guardian Council with further insights. Action: Yoti will draft a company policy, seeking input from the Guardian Council, on how the company will prepare for, and respond to, the implementation of the IP Bill. Action: Yoti will communicate a blog post on the rationale behind our business model, user promises and system design in relation to the IP Bill.
3b. Analytics and User Tracking	Issue: Follow-on discussion from the same topic discussed at the October 2016 Council meeting, regarding the choices Yoti is making at this early stage to balance respect for our users' privacy, staying true to our promise to our users, and gathering enough data to ensure that we can acquire users and provide a good service to our users.
	 Points of Agreement from Last Meeting included: In light of Yoti's essential business needs to understand user activity registering for and interacting with our soon-to-be launched apps, we recognise that Yoti needs to gather and analyse data from our

users, and in the initial stages this means using third party analytics providers (at present this is Google Analytics) while launching our product to be able to provide a good service to our users. Given Yoti's principles related to transparency and user privacy, Yoti should take steps to communicate publicly about the choices we are making to use third party analytics (in our Privacy Policy and through our website). This presents an opportunity for Yoti to play a leadership role, communicating the challenges for businesses needing good analytics for their products, while also wanting to protect users' privacy both in communicating the challenges publicly and in utilising/developing alternative methods of getting analytics for the use of our product that could benefit other companies in a similar position. **Progress Since our Last Meeting:** Moving forward from those points of agreement from the last meeting, Yoti is moving forward to experiment in using another analytics platform (Adjust), which does not have access to the vast amount of third-party tracked information about our users that Google does, and therefore is less able to combine Yoti user data with other data sets to potentially compromise our users' privacy. We will use Adjust to monitor the early stages of user journeys and to measure the efficacy of our marketing activity in terms of numbers of: adverts clicked upon, apps downloaded, selfie / mobiles submitted, passports submitted and driving licences submitted. Yoti will also use aggregated anonymous reporting on a small number of descriptive indicators so that we can ensure the provision of a stable service for our user community, including operating system, country of mobile and device model (and gender, age in years and nationality if an identity document is added). We are currently assessing how to minimise analytics from Adjust. Google Analytics and Yoti Core, while still getting sufficient reporting to allow us to monitor our app in its early stages, and guarantee a stable service for our user community. In the short-term, it is likely that we will use some combination of third party analytics services, such as Google Analytics for product development purposes, and Adjust for marketing purposes. In all scenarios, we will have an opt-out checkbox in the Yoti app settings for any users who do not wish to contribute to minimal aggregated, anonymous data collection and analytics, and will pro-actively inform users of this opt-out option during the registration process. Activation of the opt-out by a user will result in no further tracking of that user's activity. Discussion: In discussing this matter, the Guardian Council agreed: Yoti is taking appropriate steps to respect its users' privacy concerns, while maintaining a minimal necessary amount of anonymous data collection to allow Yoti to refine and improve the performance and user experience of its product. In communicating the rationale for Yoti's choices and course of action in this area, Yoti should make • sure to communicate: a) what information we do not collect compared with many other businesses; b) that Yoti's business model is not based on tracking user behaviour and selling targeted access or advertisements to third parties (differentiated from Google, Facebook, etc.); c) recognise that doing right by our users is not eay, and can be more expensive, but that we are committed to doing it anyway. Suggestion to review the Apple Health Privacy Policy as a starting point. Over time, Yoti should find simple language, like 'natural anonymity', and a category/title to describe the approach that we are taking to respecting user privacy (with a clear definition of this approach so that it can be referred to in short, single sentences, non-legal language and clearly understood by interested users). Consider coming up with simple symbols (similar to iconography developed by Creative Commons) to visually capture and represent the different principles of our approach to user privacy (and other core principles of our business model). This areas represents a significant opportunity for Yoti to define, and lead, a whole new way to share and make sense of how user data is used, and transparently communicated with our users as a competitive advantage and key differentiation for our business and product.

	Actions in this area are a continuation from the October 2016 Guardian Council meeting.									
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3c. Expanding Guardian Council	Issue: We are now slightly more than a year into the creation of our Founding Guardian Council. We have reached a stage with our technological development, and public launch of Yoti in the UK, where we want to expand our Founding Guardian Council, adding skills, perspectives, networks and profiles that will help ensure that ensure that our digital identity service stays true to our ambitions to build trust and serve our user community faithfully and transparently while growing a successful global business. As part of this process, we would also like to conduct a process of review and feedback with our existing Founding Guardians to capture lessons for improving the functioning of the Guardian Council, and to set a precedent for review and feedback at the end of each term of service.									
	 Discussion: Points of discussion and agreement from the group included: Our initial 18-month Founding Guardian terms are due to conclude in May 2017. We will conduct a review and feedback process, gathering input from each of our Founding Guardians, the Yoti team members who have worked most closely with them, on the first year of the Council's operation to inform the process of expanding the Guardian Council. In the latter stages of the review process, we will discuss with each Founding Guardian their interest and fit for continuing to serve on the Guardian Council. As outlined in our original Guardian Role & Code guidelines, Founding Guardian Council members are eligible to serve an additional three-year term after their initial Founding term. The upcoming recruitment process to bring on additional Founding Guardians will be driven and facilitated by Yoti staff, with input from existing Guardians. We are seeking to add three additional Founding Guardians to the Council, aiming to have these new Guardians recruited by the end of 2017, taking in new Guardians in a staggered fashion over the year as we confirm suitable candidates. In recruiting these additional Guardian roles, we will prioritise profiles, skills, networks and geographic focus areas including: Expertise areas adding depth to our current Founding Guardian Council, such as: Data Security/Encryption; Collaborative API systems and open source communities, SaaS systems; Business: Participatory user communities and open governance; early technology/Yoti adopter; cyber ethics; protection of children online. Geographic and gender balance to ensure that the Guardian Council as a whole represents an appropriate balance of global and gender perspectives. One of the members of the expanded Council will very likely be asked to serve as Chair of the Guardian Council will have an ex-officio position on the Board of the Yoti company to ensure a direct connection between the Guardian									
	 Yoti will: Action: Eric will facilitate the Founding Guardian Council review process between the January and April Guardian Council meetings, with summary feedback and any corresponding recommendations to be presented at the April meeting (and used to inform the recruitment process for new Guardian candidates). Action: Eric to draft an updated Founding Guardian role description to use for recruitment purposes, and an outline of the proposed process to use in sourcing candidates, and conducting interviews and vetting of potential candidates. 									
Adjournment	The meeting was called to a close at 1935.									

2017 Meeting Attendance														
Meeting Dates	17/1						Yoti Staff	17/1						
Ken Banks	•						Robin Tombs	•						
Renata Avila	•						Duncan Francis	•						

Yoti Founding Guardian Council Meeting Minutes – 17 Jan 2017

Doc Searls	•			Paco Garcia	•			
Joyce Searls	•			Chris Field	•			
				Ana Castanheira	•			
				Julie Dawson	•			
				Eric Levine	•			
				Emma Butler	•			

• = in attendance = absent/ apologies = Not scheduled to attend